

Name of Practice: AFFORESTATION OF CROP, HAY AND PASTURE LAND  
DCR Specifications for No. FR-1

This document specifies terms and conditions for the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation's afforestation of crop, hay and pasture land best management practice, which are applicable to all contracts entered into with respect to that practice.

A. Description and Purpose

This practice will plant trees (hardwoods and/or conifers) on land currently used as crop, hay or pastureland in order to make a permanent land use conversion to forest.

The purpose of this practice is to offer cost-share for tree establishment, plus a per acre payment, that will change land use to one that will more effectively control the soil and nutrient loss from surface runoff, thus improving water quality. This practice will also provide forest areas for the benefit of wildlife.

B. Policies and Specifications

1. A Virginia Department of Forestry (DOF) forester will develop and /or approve a management plan (Form 7.8 or other plan), specifying the appropriate tree species before work is started.
2. Crop, hay and pastureland must have been in production for at least two out of the past five years. Forestland being replanted following timber harvest is not eligible.
3. Gullied or eroded areas shall be stabilized with a temporary or suitably durable grass cover until trees are established. Pure stands of fescue are discouraged due to tree establishment competition.
4. Grazing of livestock is not permitted for the lifespan of the practice.
5. In any subsequent program year within the lifespan of the practice, a single replanting due to mortality losses from circumstances outside the control of the participant may receive cost-share on only the eligible component costs necessary to replant the site for the same acreage. In order to be considered for cost-share on replanting, the participant must notify District staff within six months of a suspected failure. District staff will review conditions and determine eligibility for replanting in consultation with Department of Forestry. See Practice Failure section of Guidelines for further clarification. Other sources of funding may be used for replanting.
6. Cost-share payments may not be authorized for land enrolled under the FSA Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP).
7. Cost-share payments are not authorized for Christmas tree production.

8. Filter efficiency may also be improved by the addition of low growing or ground cover vegetation. Herbaceous plantings/shrubs are encouraged to provide soil stabilization and to provide long-term benefits for wildlife. The Department of Forestry will recommend appropriate species.
9. This practice is subject to the density determined by a DOF forester in accordance with DOF Form 7.8.
10. All practice components implemented must be maintained for a minimum of 10 years following the calendar year of installation. The lifespan begins on Jan. 1 of the calendar year following the year of certification of completion. By accepting either a cost-share payment or a state tax credit for this practice, the participant agrees to maintain all practice components for the specified lifespan. Control of noxious and invasive plants to ensure the survival of the stand is the responsibility of the participant. This practice is subject to spot check by the District throughout the lifespan of the practice and failure to maintain the practice may result in reimbursement of cost share and/or tax credits.

C. Rate(s)

1. The state cost-share rate is \$100 per acre for a 10-year lifespan, or \$150 per acre for a 15-year lifespan, and 75% of the eligible approved component costs.
2. Eligible component cost receiving 75% cost-share are as follows:
  - i. Site preparation – mechanical and/or chemical
  - ii. Labor
  - iii. Seedlings
  - iv. Seed for ground cover (Fescue is discouraged)
  - v. Herbaceous plantings/shrubs
  - vi. Protective fencing
3. As set forth by Virginia Code, the Commonwealth currently provides a tax credit for implementation of certain agricultural best management practices as discussed in the Tax Credit Guidelines of the VACS Manual.
4. If a participant receives cost-share, only the participant's eligible out-of-pocket share of the project cost is used to determine the tax credit.

D. Technical Responsibility

Technical and administrative responsibility is assigned to qualified technical DCR and District staff in consultation, where appropriate and based on the controlling standard, with DCR, Virginia Certified Nutrient Management Planner(s), NRCS, DOF, and VCE. Individuals certifying technical need and technical practice installation shall have appropriate certifications as identified above and/or Engineering Job Approval Authority (EJAA) for the designed and installed component(s). All practices are subject to spot check

procedures and any other quality control measures.

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